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AMENDMENT

In the Claims:

A. Kindly cancel Claim 4, without prejudice.

B. Kindly amend Claims 1, 2, 5, 12, and 14, as follows.

1. (currently amended) A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising:
initiating formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack by:

depositing a first ultra-thin nitride film on a semiconductor substrate,

5 wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique;

depositing a high-k material on the first ultra-thin nitride film,

wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film, and

wherein the thin metal film comprises at least one material selected from
a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf),
and titanium (Ti); and

depositing a second ultra-thin nitride film on the high-k material,

thereby forming a sandwich structure, wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film is deposited using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique;

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completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure; and

completing fabrication of the device.

2. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises
a material selected from a group consisting of a silicon wafer [or] and a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer.

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3. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1,
wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si_3N_4), and
wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).
4. (canceled)
5. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the thin metal film further
comprises [at least one metal selected from a group consisting essentially of zirconium
(Zr), hafnium (Hf), titanium (Ti), and] tantalum (Ta).
6. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the thin metal film comprises
a metal oxide.
7. (previously amended) A method as recited in claim 1,
wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si_3N_4), and
wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic
layer(s).
8. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing formation of
the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure
comprises:
depositing a thick gate material on the second ultra-thin nitride film;
5 patterning the thick gate material, thereby forming a gate electrode; and
etching portions of the sandwich structure uncovered by the gate electrode, thereby
completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack,
9. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing fabrication of the
device comprises forming of a MOSFET structure comprising the gate dielectric stack.
10. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 8,
wherein the thick gate material comprises a material selected from a group consisting
essentially of polysilicon (poly-Si) and polysilicon-germanium (poly-SiGe), and
wherein the thick gate material is patterned using a material such as photoresist.

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11. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises:
forming a source/drain structure in the substrate and flanking the gate dielectric stack;
forming at least one spacer on at least one sidewall of the gate dielectric stack; and
silicidizing a shallow source/drain region as well as the high-k gate stack, thereby
5 forming a source/drain silicide in a shallow source/drain region of the substrate
and a gate silicide on the gate dielectric stack.
12. (currently amended) A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising:
initiating formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack by:
depositing a first ultra-thin nitride film on a semiconductor substrate,
5 wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique, and
wherein the substrate comprises a material selected from a group consisting of a silicon wafer [or] and a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer;
depositing a high-k material on the first ultra-thin nitride film,
10 wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film, and
wherein the thin metal film comprises at least one material selected from a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), and titanium (Ti); and
depositing a second ultra-thin nitride film on the high-k material,
15 thereby forming a sandwich structure, wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique;
completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the
20 sandwich structure; and
completing fabrication of the device.

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13. (previously amended) A method as recited in claim 12,
wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si_3N_4), and
wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).
14. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 13,
[wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film,]
wherein the thin metal film further comprises [at least one metal selected from a group
consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), titanium (Ti), and]
5 tantalum (Ta), and
wherein the thin metal film further comprises a metal oxide.
15. (previously amended) A method as recited in claim 14,
wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si_3N_4), and
wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic
layer(s).
16. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 15, wherein completing formation
of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure
comprises:
depositing a thick gate material on the second ultra-thin nitride film;
5 patterning the thick gate material, thereby forming a gate electrode; and
etching portions of the sandwich structure uncovered by the gate electrode, thereby
completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack.
17. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 16, wherein completing fabrication of the
device comprises forming of a MOSFET structure comprising the gate dielectric stack.
18. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 17,
wherein the thick gate material comprises a material selected from a group consisting
essentially of polysilicon (poly-Si) and polysilicon-germanium (poly-SiGe), and
wherein the thick gate material is patterned using a material such as photoresist.

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19. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 18, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises:
forming a source/drain structure in the substrate and flanking the gate dielectric stack;
forming at least one spacer on at least one sidewall of the gate dielectric stack; and
silicidizing a shallow source/drain region as well as the high-k gate stack, thereby
forming a source/drain silicide in a shallow source/drain region of the substrate
and a gate silicide on the gate dielectric stack.

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20. (previously canceled)